



Subject to Completion, Dated April 1, 2026

Pricing Supplement dated _____, 2026
 (To ETF Underlying Supplement dated August 4, 2025, Prospectus Supplement dated August 4, 2025, and Prospectus dated August 4, 2025)

Marex Group plc

\$ Autocallable Leveraged Barrier Notes Linked to the Worst Performing of the iShares® Silver Trust and the VanEck® Gold Miners ETF due May 3, 2029

- ▶ Callable at the Principal Amount plus the Call premium of at least 24.00% (to be determined on the Trade Date) of the Principal Amount if the Closing Price of each of the iShares® Silver Trust and the VanEck® Gold Miners ETF (each, an “Underlying” and together, the “Underlyings”) on the Call Observation Date on May 7, 2027 is at or above its Call Threshold (100% of its Initial Value)
- ▶ If the Notes are not called, at maturity:
 - 3.00x upside exposure to any increases in the price of the Worst Performing Underlying
 - Return of principal if the price of the Worst Performing Underlying does not change or decreases by no more than 30%
 - 1-to-1 downside exposure to any decrease in the price of the Worst Performing Underlying if its Reference Return is less than -30%, and in such a case, you will lose more than 30%, and possibly all, of your Principal Amount
- ▶ Term: Approximately 3 years, if not called
- ▶ All payments on the Notes are subject to the credit risk of Marex Group plc (“Marex”)

Application has been made for the Autocallable Leveraged Barrier Notes (the “Notes”) offered hereunder to be admitted to listing and trading on the Vienna Multilateral Trading Facility (“Vienna MTF”) of the Vienna Stock Exchange. The Vienna MTF is not a regulated market as defined by Directive 2014/65/EU (as amended, “MiFID II”). It is, however, a multilateral trading facility (MTF) for purposes of MiFID II.

Neither the U.S. Securities and Exchange Commission (the “SEC”) nor any state securities commission has approved or disapproved of the Notes or passed upon the accuracy or the adequacy of this document or the accompanying prospectus, prospectus supplement or underlying supplement. Any representation to the contrary is a criminal offense.

Any offering of the Notes will be made pursuant to Article 1(4) of Regulation (EU) 2017/1129 (as amended), including as it forms part of domestic law of the United Kingdom. Accordingly, no prospectus is required to be published in connection with such offering of the Notes in any member state of the European Economic Area (the “EEA”) or the United Kingdom (the “UK”). See page ii of the accompanying prospectus supplement for further restrictions on offers and sales of the Notes in the EEA and the UK.

Investment in the Notes involves certain risks. You should refer to “Risk Factors” beginning on page PS-7 of this document, page S-1 of the accompanying prospectus supplement and page S-1 of the accompanying underlying supplement.

The Estimated Initial Value of the Notes on the Pricing Date is expected to be between \$930.00 and \$980.00 per Note, which will be less than the price to public. The market value of the Notes at any time will reflect many factors and cannot be predicted with accuracy. See “Summary—Estimated Initial Value” beginning on page PS-3 and “Risk Factors” beginning on page PS-7 of this document for additional information.

	Price to Public	Underwriting Discount ⁽¹⁾	Proceeds to Issuer
Per Note	\$1,000.00		
Total			

⁽¹⁾ Marex Capital Markets Inc. (“MCMI”), an affiliate of ours, will act as the agent for the sale of the Notes. MCMI will purchase the Notes from us at an underwriting discount of up to \$5.00 per \$1,000 Principal Amount for distribution to other registered broker-dealers or will offer the Notes directly to investors. MCMI will use the underwriting discount to pay selling concessions or fees (including custodial or clearing fees) to other registered broker-dealers. See “Supplemental Plan of Distribution (Conflicts of Interest)” on page PS-15 of this document.

The Notes:

Are Not FDIC Insured	Are Not Bank Guaranteed	May Lose Value
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Marex Capital Markets

The information in this preliminary pricing supplement is not complete and may be changed. This preliminary pricing supplement and the accompanying underlying supplement, prospectus supplement and prospectus are not an offer to sell these securities and we are not soliciting an offer to buy these securities in any jurisdiction where the offer or sale is not permitted.

SUMMARY

The information in this “Summary” section is qualified by the more detailed information set forth in the underlying supplement, the prospectus supplement and the prospectus. See “General” in this document.

Issuer:	Marex Group plc
Principal Amount:	\$1,000 per Note
Reference Asset:	The worst performing of the iShares [®] Silver Trust (Bloomberg symbol: SLV) (the “SLV”) and the VanEck [®] Gold Miners ETF (Bloomberg symbol: GDX) (the “GDX”)
Trade Date:	April 30, 2026
Pricing Date:	April 30, 2026
Original Issue Date:	May 5, 2026
Final Valuation Date:	April 30, 2029, subject to adjustment as described under “Additional Terms of the Notes—Valuation Dates” in the accompanying underlying supplement.
Maturity Date:	May 3, 2029, subject to adjustment as described under “Additional Terms of the Notes—Interest Payment Dates, Coupon Payment Dates, Call Payment Dates and Maturity Date” in the accompanying underlying supplement.
Call Feature:	If the Closing Price of each Underlying is at or above its Call Threshold on the Call Observation Date, the Notes will be automatically called, and you will receive a cash payment, per \$1,000 Principal Amount, equal to the Principal Amount plus the Call Premium on the corresponding Call Payment Date.

Call Observation Date, Call Payment Date, Call Premium and Call Threshold:

Call Observation Date*	Call Payment Date*	Call Premium (as % of the Principal Amount)	Call Threshold of each Underlying (as % of its Initial Value)
May 7, 2027	May 12, 2027	At least 24.00% (to be determined on the Trade Date)	100.00%

* Each subject to postponement as described under “Additional Terms of the Notes—Valuation Dates” and “Additional Terms of the Notes—Interest Payment Dates, Coupon Payment Dates, Call Payment Dates and Maturity Date” in the accompanying underlying supplement.

Payment at Maturity: Unless the Notes are automatically called, for each \$1,000 Principal Amount, you will receive a cash payment on the Maturity Date, calculated as follows:

■ **If the Reference Return of the Worst Performing Underlying is greater than zero:**

$\$1,000 + (\$1,000 \times \text{Reference Return of the Worst Performing Underlying} \times \text{Upside Participation Rate})$

■ **If the Reference Return of the Worst Performing Underlying is less than or equal to zero but greater than or equal to the Barrier Percentage:**

\$1,000.

■ **If the Reference Return of the Worst Performing Underlying is less than the Barrier Percentage:**

$\$1,000 + (\$1,000 \times \text{Reference Return of the Worst Performing Underlying})$.

In this case, you will lose 1% of the Principal Amount of your Notes for each percentage point that the Reference Return of the Worst Performing Underlying is below zero. For example, if the Reference Return of the Worst Performing Underlying is -50.00%, you will suffer a 50% loss and receive 50% of the Principal Amount, subject to the credit risk of Marex. **If the Reference Return of the Worst Performing Underlying is less than the Barrier Percentage, you will lose more than 30%, and possibly all, of your investment.**

Upside Participation Rate 300% (3.00x)

Barrier Percentage: -30%

Worst Performing Underlying:	The Underlying with the lowest Reference Return.
Reference Return:	With respect to each Underlying, the quotient, expressed as a percentage, calculated as follows: $\frac{\text{Final Value} - \text{Initial Value}}{\text{Initial Value}}$
Initial Value:	With respect to each Underlying, its Closing Price on the Pricing Date, subject to adjustment as described under “Additional Terms of the Notes—Anti-Dilution Adjustments” in the underlying supplement.
Final Value:	With respect to each Underlying, its Closing Price on the Final Valuation Date.
CUSIP/ISIN:	56653LAY1 / US56653LAY11
Form of Notes:	Book-Entry
Listing:	Application has been made for the Notes to be admitted to listing and trading on the Vienna MTF, a multilateral trading facility operated by the Vienna Stock Exchange.
Estimated Initial Value:	The Estimated Initial Value of the Notes is expected to be less than the price you pay to purchase the Notes. The Estimated Initial Value does not represent a minimum price at which we or any of our affiliates would be willing to purchase your Notes in the secondary market, if any, at any time. The Estimated Initial Value will be calculated on the Trade Date and will be set forth in the pricing supplement to which this document relates. See “Risk Factors — The Estimated Initial Value of the Notes, which will be determined by us on the Trade Date, is expected to be less than the price to public and may differ from the market value of the Notes in the secondary market, if any.”
Calculation Agent:	Marex Financial, one of our affiliates

The Trade Date, the Pricing Date and the other dates set forth above are subject to change, and will be set forth in the pricing supplement relating to the Notes.

GENERAL

This document relates to an offering of Notes linked to the Underlyings. The purchaser of a Note will acquire a senior unsecured debt security of Marex. We reserve the right to withdraw, cancel or modify this offering and to reject orders in whole or in part. Although the offering of Notes relates to the Underlyings, you should not construe that fact as a recommendation as to the merits of acquiring an investment linked to the Underlyings or any assets held by any Underlying or as to the suitability of an investment in the Notes.

You should read this document together with the prospectus dated August 4, 2025 (the “prospectus”), the prospectus supplement dated August 4, 2025 (the “prospectus supplement”) and the ETF Underlying Supplement dated August 4, 2025 (the “underlying supplement”). If the terms of the Notes offered hereby are inconsistent with those described in the accompanying prospectus, prospectus supplement or underlying supplement, the terms described in this document shall control. You should carefully consider, among other things, the matters set forth in “Risk Factors” beginning on page PS-7 of this document, page S-1 of the prospectus supplement and page S-1 of the underlying supplement, as the Notes involve risks not associated with conventional debt securities. We urge you to consult your investment, legal, tax, accounting and other advisors before you invest in the Notes. As used herein, references to the “Issuer”, “Marex”, “we”, “us” and “our” are to Marex Group plc. References to “Fund” or “Worst Performing Fund” in the underlying supplement will be references to “Underlying” or “Worst Performing Underlying” in this document. Certain terms used but not defined herein will have the meanings set forth in the underlying supplement, the prospectus supplement or the prospectus.

You may access the underlying supplement, the prospectus supplement and the prospectus on the SEC website www.sec.gov as follows (or if such address has changed, by reviewing our filing for the relevant date on the SEC website):

- ▶ The underlying supplement at: <https://www.sec.gov/Archives/edgar/data/1997464/000119312525172158/d95057d424b2.htm>
- ▶ The prospectus supplement at: <https://www.sec.gov/Archives/edgar/data/1997464/000119312525172136/d87748d424b2.htm>
- ▶ The prospectus at: <https://www.sec.gov/Archives/edgar/data/1997464/000119312525172120/d87748d424b3.htm>

We are using this document to solicit from you an offer to purchase the Notes. You may revoke your offer to purchase the Notes at any time prior to the time at which we accept your offer by notifying MCMI. We reserve the right to change the terms of, or reject any offer to purchase, the Notes prior to their issuance. In the event of any material changes to the terms of the Notes, we will notify you.

PAYMENT ON THE NOTES

Call Feature

If the Closing Price of each Underlying is at or above its Call Threshold on the Call Observation Date, the Notes will be automatically called, and you will receive a cash payment, per \$1,000 Principal Amount, equal to the Principal Amount plus the Call Premium on the Call Payment Date.

Payment at Maturity

Unless the Notes are automatically called, on the Maturity Date, for each \$1,000 Principal Amount of the Notes, we will pay you the Payment at Maturity, which is an amount in cash, calculated as follows:

■ **If the Reference Return of the Worst Performing Underlying is greater than zero:**

$\$1,000 + (\$1,000 \times \text{Reference Return of the Worst Performing Underlying} \times \text{Upside Participation Rate})$

■ **If the Reference Return of the Worst Performing Underlying is less than or equal to zero but greater than or equal to the Barrier Percentage:**

\$1,000 (zero return).

■ **If the Reference Return of the Worst Performing Underlying is less than the Barrier Percentage:**

$\$1,000 + (\$1,000 \times \text{Reference Return of the Worst Performing Underlying})$.

In this case, you will lose 1% of the Principal Amount of your Notes for each percentage point that the Reference Return of the Worst Performing Underlying is below zero. For example, if the Reference Return of the Worst Performing Underlying is -50.00%, you will suffer a 50% loss and receive 50% of the Principal Amount, subject to the credit risk of Marex. **If the Reference Return of the Worst Performing Underlying is less than the Barrier Percentage, you will lose more than 30%, and possibly all, of your investment.**

Interest

The Notes will not pay interest.

INVESTOR SUITABILITY

The Notes may be suitable for you if:

- ▶ You are a retail investor outside the EEA and the UK or an institutional buyer (for restrictions on offers or sales to retail investors in the EEA and the UK, please see page ii of the accompanying prospectus supplement).
- ▶ You are an investor with the competence (either independently or with the support of a financial advisor) to assess the suitability of this investment based on your individual circumstances.
- ▶ You have the necessary knowledge and/or experience with structured products and are prepared to accept the corresponding risks.
- ▶ You seek (i) the Call Premium, which will be payable if the Closing Price of each Underlying on the Call Observation Date is greater than or equal to its Call Threshold; or (ii) an investment with an enhanced return linked to the potential positive performance of the Worst Performing Underlying and you believe that the value of each Underlying will increase over the term of the Notes.
- ▶ You are willing to make an investment that is exposed to the potential downside performance of the Worst Performing Underlying on a 1-to-1 basis if the Notes are not called and the Reference Return of the Worst Performing Underlying is less than the Barrier Percentage.
- ▶ You are willing to lose up to 100% of the Principal Amount.
- ▶ You understand that the return on the Notes will depend solely on the performance of the Worst Performing Underlying and consequently, the Notes are riskier than alternative investments linked to only one of the Underlyings or linked to a basket composed of the Underlyings.
- ▶ You are willing to hold the Notes which will be automatically called on the Call Observation Date on which the Closing Price of each Underlying is at or above its Call Threshold, or you are otherwise willing to hold the Notes to maturity.
- ▶ You are willing to forgo the dividends or other distributions paid on an Underlying or the assets held by an Underlying.
- ▶ You do not seek current income from your investment.
- ▶ You do not seek an investment for which there will be an active secondary market.
- ▶ You are willing to accept the risk and return profile of the Notes versus a conventional debt security with a comparable maturity issued by Marex or another issuer with a similar credit rating.
- ▶ You are comfortable with the creditworthiness of Marex, as Issuer of the Notes.

The Notes may not be suitable for you if:

- ▶ You are a retail investor in the EEA or the UK (for restrictions on offers or sales to retail investors in the EEA and the UK, please see page ii of the accompanying prospectus supplement).
- ▶ You are an investor without the competence (either independently or with the support of a financial advisor) to assess the suitability of this investment based on your individual circumstances.
- ▶ You do not have the necessary knowledge and/or experience with structured products and are not prepared to accept the corresponding risks.
- ▶ You believe that (i) the Closing Price of each Underlying will be less than its Call Threshold on the Call Observation Date; and (ii) the Reference Return of the Worst Performing Underlying will be negative or it will not be sufficiently positive to provide you with your desired return.
- ▶ You are unwilling to make an investment that is exposed to the potential downside performance of the Worst Performing Underlying on a 1-to-1 basis if the Notes are not called and the Reference Return of the Worst Performing Underlying is less than the Barrier Percentage.
- ▶ You seek an investment that provides full return of principal.
- ▶ You seek exposure to a basket composed of the Underlyings or a similar investment in which the overall return is based on a blend of the performances of the Underlyings, rather than solely on the Worst Performing Underlying.
- ▶ You are unable or unwilling to hold the Notes that will be automatically called on the Call Observation Date on which the Closing Price of each Underlying is at or above its Call Threshold, or you are otherwise unable or unwilling to hold the Notes to maturity.
- ▶ You prefer to receive the dividends or other distributions paid on an Underlying or the assets held by an Underlying.
- ▶ You seek current income from your investment.
- ▶ You seek an investment for which there will be an active secondary market.
- ▶ You prefer the lower risk, and therefore accept the potentially lower returns, of conventional debt securities with comparable maturities issued by Marex or another issuer with a similar credit rating.
- ▶ You are not willing or are unable to assume the credit risk associated with Marex, as Issuer of the Notes.

RISK FACTORS

We urge you to read the section “Risk Factors” beginning on page S-1 of the accompanying prospectus supplement and page S-1 of the accompanying underlying supplement. You should understand the risks of investing in the Notes and should reach an investment decision only after careful consideration, with your advisors, of the suitability of the Notes in light of your particular financial circumstances and the information set forth in this document and the accompanying prospectus, prospectus supplement and underlying supplement.

In addition to the risks discussed below, you should review “Risk Factors” in the accompanying prospectus supplement and underlying supplement, including the explanation of risks relating to the Notes described in the following sections:

- ▶ “—Risks Related to Note Issuances” in the prospectus supplement;
- ▶ “—General risks related to a Fund” in the underlying supplement; and
- ▶ “—Additional risks relating to certain Notes linked to commodity-based Funds” in the underlying supplement.

You will be subject to significant risks not associated with conventional fixed-rate or floating-rate debt securities.

Risks Relating to the Structure or Features of the Notes

You may lose some or all of the principal at maturity.

The Notes do not guarantee any return of principal. The Notes differ from ordinary debt securities in that we will not pay you 100% of the Principal Amount of your Notes if the Notes are not called and the Reference Return of the Worst Performing Underlying is less than the Barrier Percentage. In this case, the Payment at Maturity you will be entitled to receive will be less than the Principal Amount and you will lose 1% for each 1% that the Reference Return of the Worst Performing Underlying is less than 0.00%. You may lose up to 100% of your investment at maturity.

If the Notes are called, your return on the Notes will be limited to the Call Premium, regardless of any appreciation in the value of any Underlying.

If the Notes are called prior to maturity, the return on the Notes will equal the Call Premium, regardless of any appreciation in the value of any Underlying, which may be significant. Accordingly, the return on the Notes may be significantly less than the return on a direct investment in any Underlying or the assets held by an Underlying.

The Notes may be called prior to maturity, and the Notes are subject to reinvestment risk.

If the Notes are called early, the holding period could be as little as approximately 12 months. There is no guarantee that you would be able to reinvest the proceeds from an investment in the Notes at a comparable return for a similar level of risk in the event the Notes are called prior to the Maturity Date.

The amount payable on the Notes is not linked to the prices of the Underlyings at any time other than on the Call Observation Date and the Final Valuation Date.

The payments on the Notes will be based on the Closing Prices of the Underlyings on the Call Observation Date and the Final Valuation Date, each subject to postponement for non-trading days and certain Market Disruption Events. Even if the value of each Underlying increases during the term of the Notes other than on the Call Observation Date and the Final Valuation Date but decreases on those days to a value that is less than its Initial Value, the Notes will not be automatically called and the Payment at Maturity will be less, possibly significantly less, than it would have been had the payment on the Notes been linked to the prices of the Underlyings other than such decrease. Although the actual prices of the Underlyings on the Maturity Date or at other times during the term of the Notes may be higher than the Closing Prices of the Underlyings on the Call Observation Date and the Final Valuation Date, the payment on the Notes will be based solely on the Closing Prices of the Underlyings on the Call Observation Date and the Final Valuation Date.

The Notes are subject to the full risks of the Worst Performing Underlying and will be negatively affected if any Underlying performs poorly, even if the other Underlying performs favorably.

You are subject to the full risks of the Worst Performing Underlying. If the Worst Performing Underlying performs poorly, you will be negatively affected, even if the other Underlying performs favorably. The Notes are not linked to a basket composed of the Underlyings, where the better performance of one Underlying could offset the poor performance of the others. Instead, you are subject to the full risks of the Worst Performing Underlying on the Final Valuation Date. As a result, the Notes are riskier than an alternative investment linked to only one of the Underlyings or linked to a basket composed of the Underlyings. You should not invest in the Notes unless you understand and are willing to accept the full downside risks of the Worst Performing Underlying

The Notes will not bear interest.

As a holder of the Notes, you will not receive interest payments.

Risks Relating to the Reference Asset

The performance of an Underlying may be adversely influenced by gold and/or silver prices, which may change unpredictably and adversely affect the value of the Notes in unforeseeable ways.

The SLV primarily holds silver, and most or all of the securities held by the GDx are issued by companies in the gold and silver mining industry. Although there is no direct correlation between the price of the GDx and gold and silver prices and the price of an Underlying is

not necessarily representative of gold and silver price, the prices of an Underlying may be adversely affected by gold prices and silver prices. Those prices are subject to volatile price movements over short periods of time, represent trading in commodities markets, which are substantially different from equities markets, and are affected by numerous factors. These include economic factors, including the structure of and confidence in the global monetary system, expectations of the future rate of inflation, the relative strength of, and confidence in, the U.S. dollar (the currency in which the prices of gold and silver are generally quoted), interest rates and gold and silver borrowing and lending rates, and global or regional economic, financial, political, regulatory, judicial, or other events.

Gold prices and silver prices may also be affected by industry factors such as industrial and jewelry demand, lending, sales and purchases of gold and silver by the official sector, including central banks and other governmental agencies and multilateral institutions which hold gold and silver, levels of gold and silver production and production costs, and short-term changes in supply and demand because of trading activities in the gold and silver markets. It is not possible to predict the aggregate effects of all or any combination of these factors. Any negative developments with respect to these factors may have an adverse effect on gold and silver prices and, as a result, on the prices of an Underlying. In addition, the value of the Notes may be subject to greater volatility and be more adversely affected by a single economic, political or regulatory occurrence affecting gold and silver prices than a different investment linked to a more broadly diversified group of commodities. All of these factors could adversely affect the price of an Underlying and, therefore, the return on the Notes.

The price of the SLV may not fully replicate the price of silver.

The performance of the SLV may not fully replicate the price of silver due to the fees and expenses charged by the SLV, restrictions on access to silver or other circumstances. The SLV does not generate any income and as the SLV regularly sells its underlying asset to pay for its ongoing expenses, the amount of its underlying asset represented by the SLV has gradually declined over time. The SLV sells its underlying asset to pay expenses on an ongoing basis irrespective of whether its trading price rises or falls in response to changes in the price of its underlying asset. The sale of its underlying asset by the SLV to pay expenses at a time of low asset prices could adversely affect the value of the SLV. Additionally, there is a risk that part or all of the underlying asset of the SLV could be lost, damaged or stolen due to war, terrorism, theft, natural disaster or otherwise.

There are risks associated with commodities trading on the London Bullion Market Association.

The investment objective of the SLV is to reflect generally the price of silver before the payment of its expenses and liabilities. The price of silver is determined by the London Bullion Market Association (the "LBMA") or an independent service provider appointed by the LBMA. The LBMA is a self-regulatory association of bullion market participants. Although all market-making members of the LBMA are supervised by the Bank of England and are required to satisfy a capital adequacy test, the LBMA itself is not a regulated entity. If the LBMA should cease operations, or if bullion trading should become subject to a value added tax or other tax or any other form of regulation currently not in place, the role of the LBMA silver price as a global benchmark for the value of silver may be adversely affected. The LBMA is a principals' market that operates in a manner more closely analogous to an over-the-counter physical commodity market than a regulated futures market, and certain features of U.S. futures contracts are not present in the context of LBMA trading. For example, there are no daily price limits on the LBMA that would otherwise restrict fluctuations in the prices of LBMA contracts. In a declining market, it is possible that prices would continue to decline without limitation within a trading day or over a period of trading days. The LBMA may alter, discontinue or suspend calculation or dissemination of the LBMA silver price, which could adversely affect the value of the Notes. The LBMA, or an independent service provider appointed by the LBMA, will have no obligation to consider your interests in calculating or revising the LBMA silver or gold price. All of these factors could adversely affect the price of the SLV and, therefore, the return on the Notes.

An investment in the Notes is subject to risks associated with the gold and silver mining industries.

Because the GDX primarily invests in securities of companies that are involved in the gold and silver mining industry, it is subject to certain risks associated with such companies. Competitive pressures may have a significant effect on the financial condition of such companies in the gold and silver mining industry. Also, gold and silver mining companies are highly dependent on the price of gold or silver bullion. These prices may fluctuate substantially over short periods of time so the price of the GDX may be more volatile than other types of investments. Factors affecting gold or silver prices include economic factors, including, among other things, the structure of and confidence in the global monetary system, expectations of the future rate of inflation, the relative strength of, and confidence in, the U.S. dollar (the currency in which the price of gold or silver is generally quoted), interest rates and gold or silver borrowing and lending rates, and global or regional economic, financial, political, regulatory, judicial or other events. Gold or silver prices may also be affected by industry factors such as industrial and jewelry demand, lending, sales and purchases of gold or silver by the official sector, including central banks and other governmental agencies and multilateral institutions which hold gold or silver, levels of gold or silver production and production costs, and short-term changes in supply and demand because of trading activities in the gold or silver market. All of these factors could adversely affect the price of the GDX and, therefore, the return on the Notes.

The Notes are subject to risks associated with non-U.S. companies.

The value of the GDX depends upon the stocks of non-U.S. companies, and thus involves risks associated with the home countries of those non-U.S. companies. The prices of these non-U.S. stocks may be affected by political, economic, financial and social factors in the home country of each applicable company, including changes in that country's government, economic and fiscal policies, currency exchange laws or other laws or restrictions, which could affect the value of the Notes. These foreign securities may have less liquidity and could be more volatile than many of the securities traded in U.S. or other securities markets. Direct or indirect government intervention to stabilize the relevant foreign securities markets, as well as cross shareholdings in foreign companies, may affect trading levels or prices and volumes in those markets. The other special risks associated with foreign securities may include, but are not limited to: less liquidity and smaller market capitalizations; less rigorous regulation of securities markets; different accounting and disclosure standards;

governmental interference; currency fluctuations; higher inflation; and social, economic and political uncertainties. These factors may adversely affect the performance of the GDX and, as a result, the value of the Notes.

The Notes are subject to emerging markets risk.

The GDX may hold securities issued by companies in an emerging market country and consequently, is subject to emerging markets risk. In particular, many emerging nations are undergoing rapid change, involving the restructuring of economic, political, financial and legal systems. Regulatory and tax environments may be subject to change without review or appeal. Many emerging markets suffer from underdevelopment of capital markets and tax regulation. The risk of expropriation and nationalization remains a threat. Guarding against such risks is made more difficult by low levels of corporate disclosure and unreliability of economic and financial data.

The Notes are subject to currency exchange risk.

The prices of the equity securities held by the GDX are converted into U.S. dollars for purposes of calculating the net asset value (“NAV”) of the GDX. As a result, your Notes will be exposed to currency exchange rate risk with respect to each of the currencies in which the equity securities held by the GDX trade. Your net exposure will depend on the extent to which such currencies strengthen or weaken against the U.S. dollar and the relative weight of the equity securities held by the GDX denominated in each such currency. If, taking into account such weighting, the U.S. dollar strengthens against such currencies, the value of the GDX will be adversely affected and the return on the Notes may be reduced. Currency exchange rates may be highly volatile, particularly in relation to emerging nations’ currencies. Significant changes in currency exchange rates, including changes in liquidity and prices, can occur within very short periods of time. Currency exchange rate risks include, but are not limited to, convertibility risk, market volatility and potential interference by foreign governments through regulation of local markets, foreign investment or particular transactions in foreign currency.

A limited number of securities may affect the price of the GDX, and its Underlying Index is not necessarily representative of the gold and silver mining industry.

The number of securities held by the GDX is limited. In addition, a few top securities held by the GDX may constitute a substantial portion of its net assets. Any reduction in the market price of those securities is likely to have a substantial adverse impact on the price of the GDX and the value of the Notes.

While the securities included in the Underlying Index are equity securities of companies generally considered to be involved in various segments of the gold and silver mining industry, the securities included in the Underlying Index may not follow the price movements of the entire gold and silver mining industry generally. If the securities included in the Underlying Index (and, accordingly, the securities held by the GDX) decline in value, the GDX will decline in value even if security prices in the gold and silver mining industry generally increase in value.

The Notes are subject to small-capitalization or mid-capitalization companies risk.

The GDX may invest in companies that may be considered small-capitalization or mid-capitalization companies. These companies often have greater stock price volatility, lower trading volume and less liquidity than large-capitalization companies and therefore the GDX’s share price may be more volatile than an investment in stocks issued by large-capitalization companies. Stock prices of small-capitalization or mid-capitalization companies may also be more vulnerable than those of large-capitalization companies to adverse business and economic developments, and the stocks of small-capitalization or mid-capitalization companies may be thinly traded, making it difficult for the GDX to buy and sell them. In addition, small-capitalization or mid-capitalization companies are often less stable financially than large-capitalization companies and may depend on a small number of key personnel, making them more vulnerable to loss of personnel. Small-capitalization or mid-capitalization companies are often subject to less analyst coverage and may be in early, and less predictable, periods of their corporate existences. These companies tend to have smaller revenues, less diverse product lines, smaller shares of their product or service markets, fewer financial resources and less competitive strengths than large-capitalization companies and are more susceptible to adverse developments related to their products or services.

The GDX recently changed the index it tracks.

Prior to the close of trading on September 19, 2025, the GDX tracked the NYSE® Arca Gold Miners Index®. After the close of trading on such date, the GDX began tracking the MarketVector Global Gold Miners Index (the “Underlying Index”). Any historical information about the performance of the GDX for any period before the close of trading on September 19, 2025 will be during a period in which the GDX tracked a different index, and therefore should not be considered information relevant to how the GDX will perform as it tracks the MarketVector Global Gold Miners Index. In addition, there can be no assurance that the GDX will not further change the underlying index it tracks in the future. This change could have adversely affected, and may continue to adversely affect, the performance of the GDX and, in turn, the return on the Notes.

The performance of an Underlying may not correlate with the performance of its underlying assets as well as the net asset value per share of that Underlying, especially during periods of market volatility.

The performance of an Underlying and that of its underlying assets generally will vary due to, for example, transaction costs, management fees, certain corporate actions, and timing variances. Moreover, it is also possible that the performance of an Underlying may not fully replicate or may, in certain circumstances, diverge significantly from the performance of its underlying assets. This could be due to, for example, an Underlying holding assets that are not related to the underlying assets, the temporary unavailability of certain assets in the secondary market, the performance of any derivative instruments held by an Underlying, differences in trading hours between an Underlying

and the underlying assets, or due to other circumstances. This variation in performance is called the “tracking error,” and, at times, the tracking error may be significant.

In addition, because the shares of an Underlying are traded on a securities exchange and are subject to market supply and investor demand, the market price of one share of that Underlying may differ from its NAV per share; shares of an Underlying may trade at, above, or below its NAV per share.

During periods of market volatility, certain assets held by an Underlying may be unavailable in the secondary market, market participants may be unable to calculate accurately the NAV per share of that Underlying and the liquidity of that Underlying may be adversely affected. This kind of market volatility may also disrupt the ability of market participants to create and redeem shares of an Underlying. Further, market volatility may adversely affect, sometimes materially, the prices at which market participants are willing to buy and sell shares of an Underlying. As a result, under these circumstances, the market value of shares of an Underlying may vary substantially from the NAV per share of an Underlying.

For the foregoing reasons, the performance of an Underlying may not match the performance of its underlying assets over the same period. Because of this variance, the return on the Notes, to the extent dependent on the performance of an Underlying, may not be the same as an investment directly in the securities, commodities, or other assets held by an Underlying or the same as a debt security with a return linked to the performance of such underlying assets.

General Risk Factors

The Notes are subject to our credit risk.

Marex may partially or wholly fail to meet their obligations under the Notes. Investors should therefore take the creditworthiness of Marex and its subsidiaries into account in their investment decision. Credit risk means the risk of insolvency or illiquidity of an issuer, i.e. a potential, temporary or final inability to fulfil their interest and repayment obligations on time. An increased insolvency risk is typical of issuers that have a low creditworthiness. The payment of any amount due on the Notes is subject to the credit risk of Marex. The Notes are senior unsecured debt obligations of Marex, and are not, either directly or indirectly, an obligation of any third party. Investors are dependent on Marex’s ability to pay all amounts due on the Notes, and therefore investors are subject to the credit risk of Marex and to changes in the market’s view of its creditworthiness

The Notes are not bank deposits and are not insured or guaranteed by the U.S. Federal Deposit Insurance Corporation, the UK Financial Services Compensation Scheme or any other government or governmental or private agency or deposit protection scheme in any jurisdiction. Investors are dependent on Marex’s ability to pay all amounts due on the Notes, and therefore investors are subject to Marex’s credit risk and to changes in the market’s view of Marex’s creditworthiness. The payment of any amount due on the Notes is not guaranteed by any entity.

The Notes are not insured against loss by any third parties; you can depend only on our earnings and assets for any payment on the Notes.

The Notes will be solely our obligations, and no other entity will have any obligation, contingent or otherwise, to make any payments in respect of the Notes.

The Estimated Initial Value of the Notes, which will be determined by us on the Trade Date, is expected to be less than the price to public and may differ from the market value of the Notes in the secondary market, if any.

The Estimated Initial Value of the Notes will be calculated by us on the Trade Date and is expected to be less than the price to public. The Estimated Initial Value will reflect our and our affiliates’ internal funding rate, which is the borrowing rate paid to issue market-linked securities, as well as the mid-market value of the embedded derivatives in the Notes. This internal funding rate is typically lower than the rate we would use when we issue conventional fixed or floating rate debt securities. As a result of the difference between our internal funding rate and the rate we would use when we issue conventional fixed or floating rate debt securities, the Estimated Initial Value of the Notes may be lower if it were based on the prices at which our fixed or floating rate debt securities trade in the secondary market. In addition, if we were to use the rate we use for our conventional fixed or floating rate debt issuances, we would expect the economic terms of the Notes to be more favorable to you. We will determine the value of the embedded derivatives in the Notes by reference to our or our affiliates’ internal pricing models. These pricing models consider certain assumptions and variables, which can include volatility and interest rates. Different pricing models and assumptions could provide valuations for the Notes that are different from our Estimated Initial Value. These pricing models rely in part on certain forecasts about future events, which may prove to be incorrect. The Estimated Initial Value does not represent a minimum price at which we or any of our affiliates would be willing to purchase your Notes in the secondary market (if any exists) at any time.

The price of your Notes in the secondary market, if any, immediately after the Trade Date is expected to be less than the price to public.

The price to public takes into account certain costs. These costs include our affiliates’ projected hedging profits (which may or may not be realized) for assuming risks inherent in hedging our obligations under the Notes, the underwriting discount and the costs associated with structuring and hedging our obligations under the Notes. These costs will be used or retained by us or one of our affiliates, except for underwriting discounts paid to unaffiliated distributors. If you were to sell your Notes in the secondary market, if any, the price you would receive for your Notes may be less than the price you paid for them because secondary market prices will not take into account

these costs. The price of your Notes in the secondary market, if any, at any time after issuance will vary based on many factors, including the prices of the Underlyings and changes in market conditions, and cannot be predicted with accuracy. The Notes are not designed to be short-term trading instruments, and you should, therefore, be able and willing to hold the Notes to maturity. Any sale of the Notes prior to maturity could result in a loss to you.

If we were to repurchase your Notes immediately after the Original Issue Date, the price you receive may be higher than the Estimated Initial Value of the Notes.

Assuming that all relevant factors remain constant after the Original Issue Date, the price at which MCMI may initially buy or sell the Notes in the secondary market, if any, and the value that may initially be used for customer account statements, if any, may exceed the Estimated Initial Value on the Trade Date for a temporary period expected to be approximately 6 months after the Original Issue Date. This temporary price difference may exist because, in our discretion, we may elect to effectively reimburse to investors a portion of the estimated cost of hedging our obligations under the Notes and other costs in connection with the Notes that we will no longer expect to incur over the term of the Notes. We will make such discretionary election and determine this temporary reimbursement period on the basis of a number of factors, including the tenor of the Notes and any agreement we may have with the distributors of the Notes. The amount of our estimated costs which we effectively reimburse to investors in this way may not be allocated ratably throughout the reimbursement period, and we may discontinue such reimbursement at any time or revise the duration of the reimbursement period after the Original Issue Date of the Notes based on changes in market conditions and other factors that cannot be predicted.

You will not have any ownership interest in any Underlying or any assets held by any Underlying.

As a holder of the Notes, you will not have any ownership interest in any Underlying or any assets held by any Underlying, such as rights to vote, dividend payments or other distributions. Because the return on the Notes will not reflect any dividends on any Underlying or any assets held by any Underlying, the Notes may underperform an investment in one or more Underlyings or the assets held by any Underlying.

The Notes lack liquidity.

The Notes are a new issue of securities for which there is no established market. Although we will apply for the Notes to be listed for trading on the Vienna MTF, we cannot provide you with any assurance regarding whether the Notes will become or remain listed or whether a trading market for the Notes will develop or as to the liquidity or sustainability of any such market, the ability of holders of the Notes to sell their Notes or the price at which holders may be able to sell their Notes. The listing application will be subject to approval by the Vienna Stock Exchange. There can be no assurance that application for listing and admission to trading will be granted or that an active trading market in the Notes will develop. If such a listing is obtained, we have no obligation to maintain such listing, and we may delist the Notes at any time. In addition, MCMI is not required to offer to purchase the Notes in the secondary market. Even if a secondary market were to develop, it may not provide enough liquidity to allow you to trade or sell the Notes easily. Because other dealers are not likely to make a secondary market for the Notes, the price at which you may be able to trade your Notes is likely to depend on the price, if any, at which MCMI is willing to buy the Notes.

Potential conflicts of interest may exist.

Marex and its affiliates play a variety of roles in connection with the issuance of the Notes, including acting as calculation agent and hedging our obligations under the Notes. Following the occurrence of certain events – relating to the Issuer, the Issuer's hedging arrangements, the Underlying(s), taxation, the relevant currency or other matters – outside of the Issuer's control, the calculation agent may determine in its discretion to take one of the actions available to it in order to deal with the impact of such event on the Notes or the Issuer or both. These actions may include (i) adjustment to the terms and conditions of the Notes, (ii) substitution of the Underlying(s) and/or (iii) early redemption or exercise of the Notes. In performing these duties, the economic interests of the calculation agent and other affiliates of ours are potentially adverse to your interests as an investor in the Notes. Any such discretionary determination by the Issuer or the calculation agent could have a negative impact on the value of the Notes. We will not have any obligation to consider your interests as a holder of the Notes in taking any action that might adversely affect the value of your Notes.

Uncertain tax treatment.

For a discussion of the U.S. federal income tax consequences of your investment in a Note, please see the discussion under "U.S. Federal Income Tax Considerations" herein, the discussion under "U.S. Federal Income Tax Considerations" in the accompanying prospectus supplement and the discussion under "Material Tax Considerations — Material U.S. Federal Income Tax Considerations" in the accompanying prospectus.

ILLUSTRATIVE EXAMPLES

The following table and examples are provided for illustrative purposes only and are hypothetical. They do not purport to be representative of every possible scenario concerning increases or decreases in the Final Value of any Underlying relative to its Initial Value. We cannot predict the Closing Price of any Underlying at any time during the term of the Notes, including the Call Observation Date and the Final Valuation Date. The assumptions we have made in connection with the illustrations set forth below may not reflect actual events. You should not take this illustration or these examples as an indication or assurance of the expected performance of any Underlying or the return on the Notes. The numbers appearing in the table below and following examples have been rounded for ease of analysis.

The table and examples below illustrate the Payment at Maturity on a \$1,000 investment in the Notes for a hypothetical range of Reference Returns of the Worst Performing Underlying from -100% to +100%. The following results are based solely on the assumptions outlined below. The "Hypothetical Return on the Notes" as used below is the number, expressed as a percentage, that results from comparing the Payment at Maturity per \$1,000 Principal Amount to \$1,000. The potential returns described below assume that the Notes have not been automatically called prior to maturity and are held to maturity. The following table and examples assume the following:

Principal Amount:	\$1,000
Upside Participation Rate:	300.00%
Barrier Percentage:	-30.00%
Hypothetical Initial Value of the Worst Performing Underlying:	\$100.00

Hypothetical Final Value of the Worst Performing Underlying	Hypothetical Reference Return of the Worst Performing Underlying	Hypothetical Payment at Maturity	Hypothetical Return on the Notes
\$200.00	100.00%	\$4,000.00	300.00%
\$180.00	80.00%	\$3,400.00	240.00%
\$160.00	60.00%	\$2,800.00	180.00%
\$140.00	40.00%	\$2,200.00	120.00%
\$120.00	20.00%	\$1,600.00	60.00%
\$110.00	10.00%	\$1,300.00	30.00%
\$105.00	5.00%	\$1,150.00	15.00%
\$102.00	2.00%	\$1,060.00	6.00%
\$100.00⁽¹⁾	0.00%	\$1,000.00	0.00%
\$90.00	-10.00%	\$1,000.00	0.00%
\$80.00	-20.00%	\$1,000.00	0.00%
\$70.00	-30.00%⁽²⁾	\$1,000.00	0.00%
\$69.90	-30.10%	\$699.00	-30.10%
\$60.00	-40.00%	\$600.00	-40.00%
\$40.00	-60.00%	\$400.00	-60.00%
\$20.00	-80.00%	\$200.00	-80.00%
\$0.00	-100.00%	\$0.00	-100.00%

- (1) The **hypothetical** Initial Value of \$100.00 used in these examples has been chosen for illustrative purposes only, and does not represent a likely actual Initial Value of any Underlying.
- (2) This is the Barrier Percentage.

The following examples indicate how the Payment at Maturity would be calculated with respect to a hypothetical \$1,000 investment in the Notes assuming that the Notes have not been automatically called prior to maturity and are held to maturity.

Example 1: The Reference Return of the Worst Performing Underlying Is 10.00%.

Because the Reference Return of the Worst Performing Underlying is greater than zero, the Payment at Maturity would be \$1,300.00 per \$1,000 Principal Amount, calculated as follows:

$$\begin{aligned} & \$1,000 + (\$1,000 \times \text{Reference Return of the Worst Performing Underlying} \times \text{Upside Participation Rate}) \\ & = \$1,000 + (\$1,000 \times 10.00\% \times 300.00\%) \\ & = \$1,300.00 \end{aligned}$$

Example 1 shows that the Notes provide a leveraged return if the Reference Return of the Worst Performing Underlying is positive.

Example 2: The Reference Return of the Worst Performing Underlying Is -5.00%.

Because the Reference Return of the Worst Performing Underlying is less than or equal to zero but greater than or equal to the Barrier Percentage, the Payment at Maturity would be \$1,000.00 per \$1,000 Principal Amount.

Example 2 shows that the Payment at Maturity will equal the Principal Amount if the Reference Return of the Worst Performing Underlying is less than or equal to zero but greater than or equal to the Barrier Percentage, although the value of the Worst Performing Underlying has decreased moderately.

Example 3: The Reference Return of the Worst Performing Underlying Is -80.00%.

Because the Reference Return of the Worst Performing Underlying is less than the Barrier Percentage, the Payment at Maturity would be \$200.00 per \$1,000 Principal Amount, calculated as follows:

$$\begin{aligned} & \$1,000 + (\$1,000 \times \text{Reference Return of the Worst Performing Underlying}) \\ & = \$1,000 + (\$1,000 \times -80.00\%) \\ & = \$200.00 \end{aligned}$$

Example 3 shows that you are exposed on a 1-to-1 basis to any decrease in the value of the Worst Performing Underlying from its Initial Value if its Reference Return is less than the Barrier Percentage. You may lose up to 100% of your Principal Amount at maturity.

DESCRIPTION OF THE REFERENCE ASSET

Description of the SLV

The SLV seeks to reflect generally the price of silver before the payment of its expenses and liabilities. The assets of the SLV consist primarily of silver held by the custodian on behalf of the SLV. The shares of the SLV represent units of fractional undivided beneficial interest in and ownership of the SLV. Shares of this Underlying are listed and trade on the NYSE Arca, Inc. (the "NYSE Arca") under the ticker symbol "SLV."

For more information about this Underlying, see "Reference Sponsors and Funds—The iShares® Silver Trust" on page S-67 of the accompanying underlying supplement.

The historical prices of this Underlying should not be taken as an indication of its future performance, and no assurance can be given as to the Closing Price of this Underlying on the Call Observation Date or the Final Valuation Date.

Description of the GDx

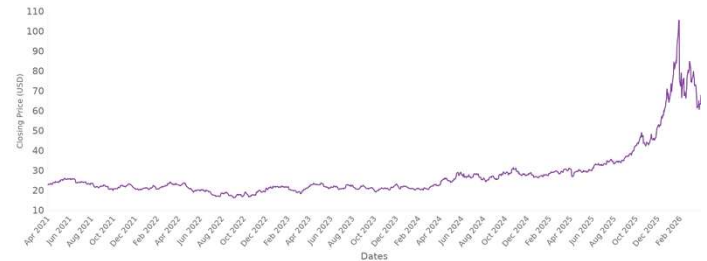
The GDx seeks to provide investment results that correspond generally to the price and yield performance, before fees and expenses, of the MarketVector Global Gold Miners Index, which is designed to track the overall performance of companies involved in the gold and silver mining industry. Prior to the close of trading on September 19, 2025, the GDx tracked the NYSE® Arca Gold Miners Index®. Shares of this Underlying are listed and trade on the NYSE Arca under the ticker symbol "GDx."

For more information about this Underlying, see "Reference Sponsors and Funds—The VanEck® Gold Miners ETF" beginning on page S-88 of the accompanying underlying supplement.

The historical prices of this Underlying should not be taken as an indication of its future performance, and no assurance can be given as to the Closing Price of this Underlying on the Call Observation Date or the Final Valuation Date.

Historical Performance of the SLV

The following graph sets forth the historical performance of the SLV based on the daily historical closing prices from March 31, 2021 through March 31, 2026. We obtained the closing prices below from Bloomberg L.P. ("Bloomberg"). We have not undertaken any independent review of, or made any due diligence inquiry with respect to, the information obtained from Bloomberg.



Historical Performance of the GDx

The following graph sets forth the historical performance of the GDx based on the daily historical closing prices from March 31, 2021 through March 31, 2026. We obtained the closing prices below from Bloomberg. We have not undertaken any independent review of, or made any due diligence inquiry with respect to, the information obtained from Bloomberg.



SUPPLEMENTAL PLAN OF DISTRIBUTION (CONFLICTS OF INTEREST)

We have appointed MCMI, an affiliate of Marex, as the agent for the sale of the Notes. Pursuant to the terms of a distribution agreement, MCMI will purchase the Notes from Marex at the price to public less the underwriting discount set forth on the cover page of the pricing supplement to which this document relates, for distribution to other registered broker-dealers or will offer the Notes directly to investors. MCMI proposes to offer the Notes at the price to public set forth on the cover page of this document. MCMI will use the underwriting discount to pay selling concessions or fees (including custodial or clearing fees) to other registered broker-dealers.

An affiliate of Marex has paid or may pay in the future an amount to broker-dealers in connection with the costs of the continuing implementation of systems to support the Notes. We or one of our affiliates may pay a fee to one or more broker dealers for providing certain services with respect to this offering, which may reduce the economic terms of the Notes to you.

In addition, MCMI or another of our affiliates or agents may use the pricing supplement to which this document relates in market-making transactions after the initial sale of the Notes, but is under no obligation to make a market in the Notes and may discontinue any market-making activities at any time without notice.

See “Supplemental Plan of Distribution (Conflicts of Interest)” on page S-61 in the prospectus supplement.

We expect that delivery of the Notes will be made against payment for the Notes on or about the Original Issue Date set forth on the inside cover page of this document, which is more than one business day following the Trade Date. Under Rule 15c6-1 under the Securities Exchange Act of 1934, trades in the secondary market generally are required to settle in one business day, unless the parties to that trade expressly agree otherwise. Accordingly, purchasers who wish to trade the Notes more than one business day prior to the Original Issue Date will be required to specify an alternate settlement cycle at the time of any such trade to prevent a failed settlement, and should consult their own advisors.

U.S. FEDERAL INCOME TAX CONSIDERATIONS

The U.S. federal income tax consequences of each holder’s investment in the Notes are uncertain. There are no Treasury Regulations, published rulings or judicial decisions addressing the treatment for U.S. federal income tax purposes of securities with terms that are substantially the same as the Notes. By purchasing the Notes, each holder agrees (in the absence of a change in law, an administrative determination or a judicial ruling to the contrary) to treat each Note as a pre-paid executory contract for U.S. federal income tax purposes. In the opinion of our counsel, Mayer Brown LLP, it would generally be reasonable to treat the Notes as pre-paid executory contracts in respect of the Underlyings for U.S. federal income tax purposes.

In addition, subject to the discussion in the accompanying prospectus supplement regarding section 1260 of the Code, a U.S. Holder should generally recognize capital gain or loss upon redemption, sale or maturity or other taxable disposition of such holder’s Notes in an amount equal to the difference between the amount realized at such time and such holder’s tax basis in such Notes. In general, a U.S. Holder’s tax basis in the Notes will equal the holder’s cost for the Notes. Such gain or loss should generally be long-term capital gain or loss if a U.S. Holder has held the Notes for more than one year (otherwise such gain or loss should be short-term capital gain or loss if held for one year or less). The deductibility of capital losses is subject to limitations. U.S. Holders should consult their tax advisors regarding this risk.

The U.S. federal income tax consequences of a U.S. Holder’s investment in the Notes are uncertain and the Internal Revenue Service could assert that the Notes should be taxed in a manner that is different from that described above. Please see the discussion in the accompanying prospectus supplement under “U.S. Federal Income Tax Considerations” and in particular the discussion under “U.S. Federal Income Tax Considerations — U.S. Holders — Certain Notes Treated as a Put Option and a Deposit or an Executory Contract — Certain Notes Treated as Executory Contracts” and the discussion in the accompanying prospectus under “Material Tax Considerations — Material U.S. Federal Income Tax Considerations”.

Non-U.S. Holders should review the discussion in the accompanying prospectus supplement under “U.S. Federal Income Tax Considerations — Non-U.S. Holders” for a discussion of the U.S. federal income tax consequences applicable to Non-U.S. Holders.

A “dividend equivalent” payment is treated as a dividend from sources within the United States and such payments generally would be subject to a 30% U.S. withholding tax if paid to a Non-U.S. Holder. Under Treasury Regulations, payments (including deemed payments) with respect to equity-linked instruments (“ELIs”) that are “specified ELIs” may be treated as dividend equivalents if such specified ELIs reference an interest in an “underlying security,” which is generally any interest in an entity taxable as a corporation for U.S. federal income tax purposes if a payment with respect to such interest could give rise to a U.S. source dividend. However, IRS guidance provides that withholding on dividend equivalent payments will not apply to specified ELIs that are not delta-one instruments and that are issued before January 1, 2027. We expect that the delta of the Notes will not be one, and therefore, we expect that Non-U.S. Holders should not be subject to withholding on dividend equivalent payments, if any, under the Notes. However, it is possible that the Notes could be treated as deemed reissued for U.S. federal income tax purposes upon the occurrence of certain events affecting an Underlying or the Notes, and following such occurrence the Notes could be treated as subject to withholding on dividend equivalent payments. Non-U.S. Holders that enter, or have entered, into other transactions in respect of an Underlying or the Notes should consult their tax advisors as to the application of the dividend equivalent withholding tax in the context of the Notes and their other transactions. If any payments are treated as dividend

equivalents subject to withholding, we (or an applicable withholding agent) would be entitled to withhold taxes without being required to pay any additional amounts with respect to amounts so withheld.

PROSPECTIVE PURCHASERS OF THE NOTES SHOULD CONSULT THEIR TAX ADVISORS AS TO THE TAX CONSEQUENCES OF THE ABOVE DESCRIBED CHARACTERIZATION OF THE NOTES AND ANY POSSIBLE ALTERNATIVE CHARACTERIZATIONS OF THE NOTES FOR U.S. FEDERAL INCOME TAX PURPOSES. PROSPECTIVE PURCHASERS OF NOTES SHOULD CONSULT THEIR TAX ADVISORS AS TO THE FEDERAL, STATE, LOCAL, AND OTHER TAX CONSEQUENCES TO THEM OF THE PURCHASE, OWNERSHIP AND DISPOSITION OF NOTES.